CHILD AND ADOLESCENT PSYCHIATRY

(PHASE 6)

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| **LEARNING AIM(S)** | |
| **1** | In the Child and Adolescent Psychiatry course, it is aimed that students be able to evaluate the patient psychiatrically in a holistic approach in general medicine practice, and to make the differential diagnosis and treatment of psychopathologies and psychiatric diseases that they may encounter frequently in childhood and adolescence. |

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| **LEARNING OBJECTIVE(S)** | |
| **1** | To be able to communicate with patients, their relatives, and colleagues. |
| **2** | To be able to make psychiatric evaluation with a comprehensive approach within the framework of the biopsychosocial model. |
| **3** | To be able to take a psychiatric medical history, to be able to perform mental status examination. |
| **4** | To be able to follow up the cases hospitalized in the Child and Adolescent Psychiatry Clinic or evaluated in the outpatient clinic. |
| **5** | To be able to recognize child and adolescent mental health diseases, to be able to treat psychiatric conditions that they may encounter frequently. |
| **6** | To be able to write prescriptions for psychotropic drugs. |
| **7** | To be able to explain the approach and intervene in psychiatric emergencies such as aggression and suicide attempt. |
| **8** | To be able to behave ethically and deontologically to society, patients and their relatives, colleagues. |

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| **INTENDED LEARNING OUTCOME(S)** | |
| **1** | Can communicate with patients, their relatives and colleagues. |
| **2** | Can make psychiatric evaluation with a comprehensive approach within the framework of the biopsychosocial model. |
| **3** | Can take a psychiatric medical history, can perform mental status examination. |
| **4** | Can follow up the cases hospitalized in the Child and Adolescent Psychiatry Clinic or evaluated in the outpatient clinic. |
| **5** | Can recognize child and adolescent mental health diseases, can treat psychiatric conditions that they may encounter frequently. |
| **6** | Can write prescriptions for psychotropic drugs. |
| **7** | Can explain the approach and intervene in psychiatric emergencies such as aggression and suicide attempt. |
| **8** | Can behave ethically and deontologically to society, patients and their relatives, colleagues. |